# 150mA, SOT23, Low-Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit 


#### Abstract

General Description The MAX6329/MAX6349 are low-dropout, micropower linear voltage regulators with integrated microprocessor reset circuits. Each is available with preset +3.3 V , $+2.5 \mathrm{~V},+1.8 \mathrm{~V}$, or adjustable output voltages and can deliver up to 150 mA load current. Employing internal Pchannel MOSFET pass transistors, the devices consume only $25 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ supply current, independent of the device load. The low supply current, low dropout voltage, and integrated reset functionality make these devices ideal for battery powered portable equipment.

The MAX6329/MAX6349 include an internal reset circuit that indicates when the regulator output drops below standard microprocessor supply tolerances (-5\% or $-10 \%)$. The reset output remains asserted for 100ms (min) after the regulator output exceeds the selected reset threshold, ensuring that supply voltages and clock oscillators have stabilized before processor activity is enabled. Reset outputs are available in push-pull (activelow or -high) and open-drain (active-low) options. The internal reset circuit replaces external microprocessor supervisors or RC-based reset time delays. The MAX6329/MAX6349 are optimized for use with a $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (min) output capacitor. The regulator output voltage is adjustable with an external resistor-divider network at SET (reset threshold voltages track the desired output voltage). Each device includes thermal shutdown protection, output short-circuit protection, and reverse leakage protection. The MAX6329 includes a shutdown feature to reduce regulator current below $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (max) and the MAX6349 offers a manual reset input to assert a microprocessor reset while the regulator output is within specification.


## Applications

Hand-Held Instruments
Electronic Planners
Palm Top Computers
PCMCIA Cards
USB Devices
Cellular Telephones
Cordless Telephones
Modems

Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.
Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

Features

- Preset +3.3V/+2.5V/+1.8V or Adjustable Regulator Output
- $\pm 3.0 \%$ Regulator Accuracy Over the Specifed Operating Range
- 25 4 A Supply Current
- Low 180mV Dropout at 100mA Load
- Small Output Capacitor ( $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ min ceramic or tantalum)
- Zero Reverse Leakage Current
- Thermal and Short-Circuit Protection
- Integrated Microprocessor Reset Circuit with 100ms (min) Timeout
- Open-Drain and Push-Pull Reset Outputs
- Regulator Shutdown Input (MAX6329) or Manual Reset Input (MAX6349)
- 6-Pin SOT23 Package

Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN- <br> PACKAGE |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| MAX6329__ UT-T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23-6 |
| MAX6349__ UT-T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23-6 |

These parts offer a choice of regulator/reset voltages and reset outputs. From the Selector Guide, insert the desired suffix letters into the blanks to complete the part number. Each device is available in nine standard versions. Sample stock is generally held on standard versions only (see Standard Versions table). Standard versions have an order increment requirement of 2500 pieces. Nonstandard versions have an order increment requirement of 10,000 pieces. Contact factory for availability of nonstandard versions.

Pin Configuration
TOP VIEW

() ARE FOR MAX6349 ONLY

# 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit 

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

IN to GND $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ ..-0.3 V to +7 V
$\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ to GND $\qquad$ 0.3 V to +7 V

SET to GND
 -0.3 V to (VOUT +0.3 V )
MR to GND ET to GND, (Push-Pull) $\qquad$ ......-0.3V to +7 V
RESET, $\overline{R E S E T}$ to GND, (Pus
RESET' to GNd,(Open-Drain) $\qquad$ 0.3 V to (Vout +0.3 V )
-0.3 V to (VOUT +0.3 V ) OUT to GND $\qquad$ ion...
$\qquad$
Short-Circuit Duration. -0.3 V to +7 V

Maximum Current into Any Pin (except IN, OUT)
..Continuous

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Typical values are at IOUT $=0$, COUT $=2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. $)($ Note 1$)$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage Range | VIN |  | 2.5 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Supply Current | IQ | At GND |  | 25 | 50 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Shutdown Supply Current |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| REGULATOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Output Current |  |  | 150 |  |  | mA |
| Output Voltage (Note 2) | Vout | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SET}=\mathrm{GND}, \mathrm{IOUT}=0$ to 100mA, T/S Versions | 3.20 | 3.3 | 3.40 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SET}=\mathrm{GND}$, IOUT $=0$ to 100mA, Z/Y Versions | 2.425 | 2.5 | 2.575 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SET}=\mathrm{GND}$, IOUT $=0$ to 100mA, W/V Versions | 1.745 | 1.8 | 1.855 |  |
| Dropout Voltage (Note 3) | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DO}}$ | ILOAD $=10 \mathrm{~mA}$, T/S Versions |  | 20 | 30 | mV |
|  |  | ILOAD $=150 \mathrm{~mA}$, T/S Versions |  | 300 | 360 |  |
|  |  | ILOAD $=10 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{Z} / \mathrm{Y}$ Versions |  | 25 | 35 |  |
|  |  | ILOAD $=150 \mathrm{~mA}$, $\mathrm{Z} / \mathrm{Y}$ Versions |  | 300 | 400 |  |
|  |  | ILOAD $=10 \mathrm{~mA}$, W/V Versions |  | 60 | 200 |  |
|  |  | ILOAD $=150 \mathrm{~mA}$, W/V Versions |  | 600 | 750 |  |
| Output Current Limit |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}+1 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 350 |  | mA |
| Input Reverse Leakage Current |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.01 | 1.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Startup-Time Response |  | Rising edge of $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ or $\overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}$ to VOUT $R L=68 \Omega, S E T=G N D, C L=1 \mu F$ |  | 500 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ Input Voltage | VIL | MAX6329 only |  |  | $3 \times \mathrm{VIN}$ | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  | $0.8 \times \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ |  |  |  |
| $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ Input Current | ISHDN | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}=$ GND or IN MAX6329 only | -1 | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| SET Reference Voltage | $V_{\text {SET }}$ |  | 1.20 | 1.23 | 1.26 | V |
| SET Input Leakage Current | ISET |  | -10 |  | +10 | nA |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature |  |  |  | 160 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis |  |  |  | 20 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Typical values are at IOUT $=0$, COUT $=2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)


Note 1: Limits over temperature are guaranteed by design and not production tested.
Note 2: Specification from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to less than $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is guaranteed to four sigma only.
Note 3: Dropout voltage is defined as $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ - VOUT when Vout is $2 \%$ below the value of $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUt }}$ for $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}+1 \mathrm{~V}$
Note 4: VADJ = VSET(1 + R1/R2), where VSET = 1.23 V nominal.

# 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit 

( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)


DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs. LOAD CURRENT


REGION OF STABLE COUT ESR vs. LOAD CURRENT


Typical Operating Characteristics


POWER-SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO
vs. FREQUENCY


OUTPUT NOISE


OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. INPUT VOLTAGE


SHUTDOWN RESPONSE


## 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit

 Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

$20 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE


200 $\mu \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{div}$

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE
NEAR DROPOUT

$200 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

$500 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

# 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit 

Pin Description

| PIN | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | Regulator Input. Supply voltage can range from +2.5 V to +5.5 V . |
| 2 | GND | Ground. This pin also functions as a heatsink. Solder to large pads or the circuit board ground plane to maximize thermal dissipation. |
|  | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ | (MAX6329 Only) Active-Low Shutdown Input. A logic low reduces the supply current to < 1 $\mu$ A. Connect |
| 3 | $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ | (MAX6349 Only) Active-Low Manual Reset Input. A logic low forces a reset. Reset remains asserted for the duration of the reset timeout period after $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ transitions from low to high. Leave unconnected or connect to VOUT if not used. $\overline{M R}$ has an internal pullup resistor of $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (typ) to OUT. |
| 4 | $\overline{\text { RESET }}$ | Active-Low Reset Output. $\overline{\mathrm{RESET}}$ remains low while VOUT is below the reset threshold or while $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ is held low. $\overline{\text { RESET }}$ remains low for the duration of the reset timeout period after the reset conditions are terminated. |
|  | RESET | Active-High Reset Output. RESET remains high while VOUT is below the reset threshold or while $\overline{M R}$ is held low. RESET remains high for the duration of the reset timeout period after the reset conditions are terminated. |
| 5 | SET | Feedback Input for Setting the Output Voltage. Connect to GND to set the output voltage to the preset fixed value (+3.3V, +2.5 V , or +1.8 V ). Connect to an external resistor-divider network for adjustable output operation. |
| 6 | OUT | Regulator Output. Fixed ( $+3.3 \mathrm{~V},+2.5 \mathrm{~V}$, or +1.8 V ) or adjustable ( +1.23 V to +5.0 V ). Sources up to 150 mA . Bypass with a $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ minimum capacitor for full rated performance. |

## Detailed Description

The MAX6329/MAX6349 are low-dropout, low-quiescent current linear regulators with integrated microprocessor reset circuits. The devices drive loads up to 150 mA and are available with preset output voltages of $+3.3 \mathrm{~V},+2.5 \mathrm{~V}$, or +1.8 V . The internal reset circuit monitors the regulator output voltage and asserts the reset output when the regulator output is below the microprocessor supply tolerance.

Regulator
The regulator core operates with an input voltage range of +2.5 V to +5.5 V . The output voltage is offered with three fixed voltage options ( $+3.3 \mathrm{~V},+2.5 \mathrm{~V}$, and +1.8 V ) for the MAX6329 and MAX6349. Enable the fixed voltage output by connecting SET to ground. The MAX6329/MAX6349 offer an adjustable output voltage that is implemented with an external resistor-divider network connected to OUT, SET, and GND (Figure 1). SET must be connected to either GND or the external divider. The MAX6329/MAX6349 automatically determine the feedback path depending on the voltage seen at SET. Featured characteristics include ultra-low quiescent current and low dropout voltage. The Typical Operating Circuit shows a typical connection for the MAX6329.

OUT is an internally regulated low dropout (LDO) linear regulator that powers a microprocessor.

Reset Circuit
The reset supervisor circuit is fully integrated in the MAX6329/MAX6349 and uses the same reference voltage as the regulator. Two supply tolerance reset thresholds, $-5 \%$ and $-10 \%$, are provided for each type of device:


Figure 1. Adjustable Output Voltage Configuration

## 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit



Figure 2. Functional Diagram

5\% reset: Reset does not assert until the regulator output voltage is at least $-5 \%$ out of tolerance and always asserts before the regulator output voltage is $-10 \%$ out of tolerance.

10\% reset: Reset does not assert until the regulator output voltage is at least $-10 \%$ out of tolerance and always asserts before the regulator output voltage is -15\% out of tolerance.

Reset Output
A $\mu$ P's reset input starts the $\mu \mathrm{P}$ in a known state. The MAX6329/MAX6349 $\mu \mathrm{P}$ supervisory circuits assert a reset during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions. Reset is guaranteed to be logic high or low depending on the device chosen (see Selector Guide). RESET or RESET asserts when VOUT is below the reset
threshold and for at least 100 ms (trp) after VOUT rises above the reset threshold. RESET or RESET also asserts when $\overline{M R}$ is low (MAX6349).

## Shutdown (MAX6329 Only)

$\overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}$ allows for the regulator to shutdown thereby reducing the total IIN consumption of the device. The MAX6329 provides a digitally controlled active-low shutdown function. In shutdown mode the pass transistor, control circuit, reference, and all biases turn off, reducing the supply current to below $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. Connect SHDN to IN for normal operation.

## Manual Reset Input (MAX6349 Only)

Many $\mu \mathrm{P}$-based products require manual reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. For the MAX6349, a

# 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit 


#### Abstract

logic low on $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ asserts reset while the regulator is still within tolerance. Reset remains asserted while $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ is low and for the reset timeout period ( 100 ms min ) after $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ returns high. The $\overline{M R}$ input has an internal pullup of $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (typ) to OUT. This input can be driven with TTL/CMOS logic levels or with open-drain/collector outputs. Connect a normally open momentary switch from $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ to GND to create a manual reset function; external debounce circuitry is not required. If $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ is driven from long cables or the device is used in a noisy environment, connect a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor from $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ to GND to provide additional noise immunity.


Reverse Leakage Protection An internal circuit monitors the input and output voltages. When the output voltage is greater than the input voltage, the internal pass transistor and parasitic diodes turn off. OUT powers the device. There is no leakage path from OUT to IN. Therefore, the output can be powered from an auxiliary supply such as a backup battery without any need for additional blocking diodes.

## Current Limit

The MAX6329/MAX6349 include a current limiter that monitors and controls the pass transistor's gate voltage, limiting the output current to 350 mA (typ). The output can be shorted to ground for an indefinite period without damaging the part.

Thermal Overload Protection When the junction temperature exceeds $\mathrm{T}_{J}=+160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the thermal sensor signals the shutdown logic, turning off the pass transistor and allowing the IC to cool. The thermal sensor will turn the pass transistor on again after the IC's junction temperature cools by $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, resulting in a pulsed output during continuous thermaloverload conditions. Thermal overload protection is designed to protect the MAX6329/MAX6349 in the event of fault conditions. For continuous operation, do not exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature rating of $\mathrm{T} J=+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Operating Region and Power Dissipation The MAX6329/MAX6349s' maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the case and cir-
cuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and the ambient air, and the rate of airflow. The power dissipation across the device is:

$$
P=\text { IOUT (VIN - VOUT) }
$$

The maximum power dissipation is:

$$
P_{M A X}=\left(T_{J}-T_{A}\right) /\left(\theta_{J B}+\theta_{B A}\right)
$$

where $T_{J}-T_{A}$ is the temperature difference between the die junction and the surrounding air, $\theta_{\mathrm{JB}}$ (or $\theta_{\mathrm{JC}}$ ) is the thermal resistance of the package, and $\theta_{\mathrm{BA}}$ is the thermal resistance through the printed circuit board, copper traces, and other materials to the surrounding air.
The MAX6329/MAX6349s' ground pin (GND) performs the dual function of providing an electrical connection to the system ground and channeling heat away. Connect GND to the system ground using a large pad or ground plane.

## Applications Information

## Output Voltage Selection

The MAX6329/MAX6349 feature dual mode operation: they operate in either a preset voltage mode or an adjustable mode. In preset voltage mode, internal feedback resistors set the MAX6329/MAX6349 to +3.3 V , +2.5 V , or +1.8 V (see Selector Guide). Select this mode by connecting SET to ground. In adjustable mode, select an output between 1.23 V to 5.0 V using two external resistors connected as a voltage divider to SET (Figure 1). The output voltage is set by the following equation:

$$
\text { VOUT }=\text { V SET }^{\text {S }}(1+\mathrm{R} 1 / R 2)
$$

where V SET $=1.23 \mathrm{~V}$. To simplify resistor selection:
R1 = R2 (VOUT/VSET - 1)

Choose $R 2 \geq 100 k \Omega$ to optimize power consumption, accuracy, and high-frequency power-supply rejection. Since the VSET tolerance is typically less than $\pm 30 \mathrm{mV}$, the output can be set using fixed resistors instead of variable resistors. In preset voltage mode, impedance between SET and ground should be less than $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

## 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit

## Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability

For stable operation over the full temperature range and with load currents up to 150 mA , use a $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (min) output capacitor. To reduce noise and improve load transient response, stability, and power-supply rejection, use large output capacitor values such as $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.
Note that some ceramic dielectrics exhibit large capacitance and ESR variation with temperature. With dielectrics such as $\mathrm{Z5U}$ and Y 5 V , it may be necessary to use $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or more to ensure stability at temperatures below $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. With X7R or X5R dielectrics, $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ should be sufficient at all operating temperatures. A graph of the Region of Stable Cout ESR vs. Load Current is shown in the Typical Operating Characteristics.

To improve power-supply rejection and transient response use a $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor between IN and GND.

Input-Output (Dropout) Voltage
A regulator's minimum input-output voltage differential (or dropout voltage) determines the lowest useable supply voltage. In battery powered systems, this will determine the useful end-of-life battery voltage. Since the MAX6329/MAX6349 use a P-channel MOSFET pass transistor, their dropout voltage is a function of $\operatorname{RDS}(O N)$ multiplied by the load current (see Electrical Characteristics).

Negative Going OUT Transients
These supervisors are relatively immune to short-duration, negative going OUT transients. The Typical

Operating Characteristics section shows a graph of the Maximum Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive for which reset is not asserted. The graph was produced using negative going OUT transients starting at OUT and ending below the reset threshold by the magnitude indicated (Reset Threshold Overdrive). The graph shows the maximum pulse width that a negative going OUT transient can typically have without triggering a reset pulse. As the amplitude of the transient increases (i.e., goes further below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, an OUT transient that goes only 10 mV below the reset threshold and lasts for $75 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ will not trigger a reset pulse.

## Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 800
PROCESS: BiCMOS

Typical Operating Circuit


# 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit 

| PACKAGE INFORMATION | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{MR}}$ | REGULATOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE |  |  | Vout RESET <br> TOLERANCE |  | RESET OUTPUT |  |  | TOP MARK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 3.3V | 2.5 V | 1.8 V | $\begin{gathered} -5 \% V_{\mathrm{TH}} \\ \mathrm{~T} / \mathrm{Z} / \mathrm{W} \end{gathered}$ | $-10 \% V_{\mathrm{TH}}$ S/Y/V | OPENDRAIN (P) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { RESET } \\ & \text { PUSH- } \\ & \text { PULL (L) } \end{aligned}$ | RESET PUSH-PULL <br> (H) |  |
| MAX6329TP | * |  | * |  |  | * |  | * |  |  | AAIP |
| MAX6329TL | * |  | * |  |  | * |  |  | * |  | AAIO |
| MAX6329TH | * |  | * |  |  | * |  |  |  | * | AAIN |
| MAX6329SP | * |  | * |  |  |  | * | * |  |  | AAIM |
| MAX6329SL | * |  | * |  |  |  | * |  | * |  | AAIL |
| MAX6329SH | * |  | * |  |  |  | * |  |  | * | AAIK |
| MAX6329ZP | * |  |  | * |  | * |  | * |  |  | AAJB |
| MAX6329ZL | * |  |  | * |  | * |  |  | * |  | AAJA |
| MAX6329ZH | * |  |  | * |  | * |  |  |  | * | AAIZ |
| MAX6329YP | * |  |  | * |  |  | * | * |  |  | AAIY |
| MAX6329YL | * |  |  | * |  |  | * |  | * |  | AAIX |
| MAX6329YH | * |  |  | * |  |  | * |  |  | * | AAIW |
| MAX6329WP | * |  |  |  | * | * |  | * |  |  | AAIV |
| MAX6329WL | * |  |  |  | * | * |  |  | * |  | AAIU |
| MAX6329WH | * |  |  |  | * | * |  |  |  | * | AAIT |
| MAX6329VP | * |  |  |  | * |  | * | * |  |  | AAIS |
| MAX6329VL | * |  |  |  | * |  | * |  | * |  | AAIR |
| MAX6329VH | * |  |  |  | * |  | * |  |  | * | AAIQ |
| MAX6349TP |  | * | * |  |  | * |  | * |  |  | AAJH |
| MAX6349TL |  | * | * |  |  | * |  |  | * |  | AAJQ |
| MAX6349TH |  | * | * |  |  | * |  |  |  | * | AAJF |
| MAX6349SP |  | * | * |  |  |  | * | * |  |  | AAJE |
| MAX6349SL |  | * | * |  |  |  | * |  | * |  | AAJD |
| MAX6349SH |  | * | * |  |  |  | * |  |  | * | AAJC |
| MAX6349ZP |  | * |  | * |  | * |  | * |  |  | AAJT |
| MAX6349ZL |  | * |  | * |  | * |  |  | * |  | AAJS |
| MAX6349ZH |  | * |  | * |  | * |  |  |  | * | AAJR |
| MAX6349YP |  | * |  | * |  |  | * | * |  |  | AAJG |
| MAX6349YL |  | * |  | * |  |  | * |  | * |  | AAJP |
| MAX6349YH |  | * |  | * |  |  | * |  |  | * | AAJO |
| MAX6349WP |  | * |  |  | * | * |  | * |  |  | AAJN |
| MAX6349WL |  | * |  |  | * | * |  |  | * |  | AAJM |
| MAX6349WH |  | * |  |  | * | * |  |  |  | * | AAJL |
| MAX6349VP |  | * |  |  | * |  | * | * |  |  | AAJK |
| MAX6349VL |  | * |  |  | * |  | * |  | * |  | AAJJ |
| MAX6349VH |  | * |  |  | * |  | * |  |  | * | AAJI |

Bold items indicate standard versions. Samples are generally available on standard versions only. Contact factory for availability of nonstandard versions.

## 150mA, SOT23, Low Dropout Linear Regulators with Internal Microprocessor Reset Circuit

## Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)
NDTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIDNS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
IUT LENGTH MEASURED AT INTERCEPT POINT BETWEEN
DATUM A \& LEAD SURFACE.

2. PACKAGE ZUTLINE EXCLUSIVE DF MILD FLASH \& METAL BURR. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIIN $\square R$ METAL BURR SHDULD NDT EXCEED 0.25 MM .
3. PACKAGE DUTLINE INCLUSIVE OF SULDER PLATING.
4. PIN 1 IS LDWER LEFT PIN WHEN READING TIP MARK FRDM LEFT TQ RIGHT. (SEE EXAMPLE TIP MARK)
5. PIN 1 I.D. DIT IS 0.3 MM $\varnothing$ MIN. LICATED ABCVE PIN 1.
6. MEETS JEDEC MDI78, VARIATIUN AB.
7. SILDER THICKNESS MEASURED AT FLAT SECTIDN DF LEAD BETWEEN 0.08 mm AND 0.15 mm FRDM LEADTIP.
8. LEAD TU BE CIPLANAR WITHIN 0.1 MM.

| [BPBALLAS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {mut }}$ PACKAGE OUTLINE, SOT-23, 6 L |  |  |
|  | 21-0058 |  |

